

Syllabus Corporate Social Responsibility

March - July 2024

VIII Ciclo

Cesar Sáenz Acosta

I. General Features of the course

Course name:	Corporate Social Responsibility		
Pre-requisite:	Filosofía y ética	ID:	01182
Precedent:	None	Semester:	2024-1
Credits:	3	Term:	VIII
Weekly hours:	3 Hours	Course Modality:	Remote - Synchronous
Career	Administración y Finanzas Administración y Marketing	Course coordinator:	Carmen Velazco <u>cvelazco@esan.edu.pe</u>

II. Course Outline

The CSR class is practical and theoretical in nature. It will allow students to analyze businesses, taking into account ethics as a key element in the decision-making process. It focuses on creating value to all stakeholders, the environment and companies at the same time.

This course examines new CSR trends. It combines a descriptive and a practical approach to the implementation of sustainable practices in Peruvian and international companies. The course will include the discussion of business cases, as well as the creation of CSR strategies, metrics, and tracking. In this class, we also review the development of CSR governance initiatives, and evaluate their limits and potential benefits.

III. Course Objectives

Create awareness of the CSR theoretical framework, its ethical foundation and importance to improve the general welfare.

Provide students with comprehensive knowledge of stakeholders' expectations and sustainability challenges companies face.

Demonstrate students that CSR is viable, when integrated into a global business strategy.

IV. Learning Outcomes

After completing this course, students will be able to:

- Understand CSR theoretical framework and its ethical foundation.
- Evaluate moral development among SMEs and international corporations.
- Identify and build stakeholders mapping and engagement strategy.
- Identify and manage social, environmental, and economic risks through business activities.

- Build CSR plans integrated into business strategy and adapted to the local culture and environment.
- Know CSR implementation processes in SMEs and large corporations.
- Know the main instruments, initiatives and tools used to measures CSR.
- Understand the value of ethical and emphatic behavior in business decisions.

V. <u>Methodology</u>

The classes will rely heavily on student discussion and critical evaluation of the readings and cases. It includes also the application of the concepts through a team project in which students evaluate social, environmental and economic impacts of a Peruvian company.

Several textbooks as well as readings consisting of a collection of authors and various topics are used throughout the course. It encourages students to work during the term with a critical and innovative spirit while developing their analytical skills and self-learning capacity.

Each week, there is at least one required reading that all students must read prior to class.

VI. Evaluation

Student evaluation is permanent and comprehensive. The final grade for the course is obtained by averaging the Permanent Evaluation Average (50%), the midterm exam (20%) and the final exam (30%).

The Permanent Evaluation Average consists of two reading quizzes (20%), two progress tests (30%), seven classroom assignments to be completed in groups (20%), and a research assignment to be completed in groups (30%).

The midterm and final exams are taken according to the exam schedule and must be completed individually.

PERMANENT EVALUATION AVERAGE (PEA)			
Type of evaluation	Description	Percentage %	
Reading Quizzes	2 quizzes (None eliminated)	20%	
Progress Tests	2 progress tests (None eliminated)	30%	
Group classroom assignments	Classroom assignment	20%	
Final research assignment	Presentation 50% Final written project 50%	30%	

FA= 0.20 x ME + 0.50 x PEA + 0.30 x FE

Where:

FA

= Final Average = Midterm Exam ME

PEA = Permanent Evaluation Average FE = Final Exam

Contents and Learning Activities

WEEK	CONTENT	ACTIVITY/ EVALUATION		
UNIT 1: FUNDAME	UNIT 1: FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS OF CORPORATE SOCIALRESPONSIBILITY.			
	stand CSR theoretical framework and its ethical for the stand technical for the stand its ethical for the stand internation of the stand internation of the stand internation of the stand internation of the standard sta			
	Course presentation, Team assignments, Course project,and grading	Classroom activity 1:		
1° From 21 to 27 March	 Concepts of Social Responsibility 1.1 The social responsibility of organizations: Historicalbackground. 1.2 Characteristics of social responsibility 1.3 Principles of Social Responsibility 1.4 Definition of Social Responsibility. Required reading: ISO 26000 Guidance of Social Responsibility. Kloppers, H. & Kloppers, E. (2018) Identifying Commonalities in CSR Definitions: Some Perspectives. In Kiymet Tunka, C & Roshima, S. (Eds.) Sustainability and Social Responsibility of Accountability Reporting systems (pp. 229-243). Springer. 	Starbucks Case https://www.starbucksa thome.com/gb/story/cof fee-sustainability https://www.reuters.co m/business/retail- consumer/starbucks- sales-miss-estimates- shares-drop-despite- rosier-forecast-2021- 04-27/ https://stories.starbuck s.com/stories/2021/star bucks-global- environmental-and- social-impact-report- 2020/		
2° From 01 to 06 April	Ethical Foundation 2.1 Ethical behavior 2.2 Code of Conduct 2.3 Corporate moral development Required reading: ISO 26000 Guideance of Social Responsibility. Reidenbanch and Robin (1991). A conceptual model of corporate moral development. <i>Journal of Business Ethics</i> (10), 273—284 Velga, A. (2020) Business Ethics and Corporate Social Responsibility. EKA University of Applied Science, p. 63-85	Classroom activity 2: Identifying corporate moral development in a Peruvian Company		

WEEK	CONTENT	ACTIVITY/ EVALUATION	
UNIT 2: STAKEHO	DLDERS MANAGEMENT AND ENGAGEMENT		
 Learning goals: Identify and build stakeholders mapping and engagement strategy. Identify and manage social, environmental, and economic risks through business activities. 			
3° From 08 to 13 April	Stakeholder mapping and assessment 3.1 Identification of stakeholders. 3.2 Stakeholder model. 3.3 The Stakeholder Salience Theory Required reading: ISO 26000 Guideance of Social Responsibility BSR (2011) Stakeholder Engagement Strategy. http://www.bsr.org/reports/BSR_Stakeholder_Eng agement_Series.pdf	Reading quiz 1 CONTENT 1 Reidenbanch and Robin (1991). 2BSR (2011) Stakeholder Engagement Strategy.Classroom activity 3: Identifying the stakeholders in an	
4° From 15 to 20 April	Good Corporate Governance. 4.1 Organizational governance and social responsibility 4.2 Decision-making processes and structures 4.3 Related actions and expectations. Required reading: ISO 26000 Guidance of Social Responsibility OECD (2009) Practical Guide to Corporate Governance: Experiences from the Latin American Companies Circle. International Finance Corporation, p. 61-118. https://www.oecd.org/daf/ca/corporategovernance principles/43653645.pdf	organization	
5° From 22 to 27 April	 Internal social responsibility: ISR 5.1 Employment and employment relationships 5.2 Conditions of work and social protection 5.3 Social dialogue 5.4 Health and safety at work 5.5 Human development and training in the workplace. 5.6 Policies in favor to hire disability persons. Law 29973- 2012. Required reading: (1) ISO 26000 Guidance of Social Responsibility 	Progress test 1 ISO 26000. Organizational governance (Pags 21 to 23) consumer issues (51 to 59), and Labour Practice (33 to 39)Classroom activity 4: HR best practices <u>https://empxtrack.com/</u> <u>blog/top-10-hr-best-</u> <u>practices/</u> <u>https://empxtrack.com/</u> <u>blog/top-10-hr-best-</u> <u>practices/</u>	

	Social responsibility toward customers	
6° From April 29 to May 04	 6.1 Fair marketing 6.2 Protecting consumers' health and safety 6.3 Sustainable consumption. 6.4 Consumer service, support, and complaint and dispute resolution. 6.5 Consumer data protection and privacy. 	

WEEK	CONTENT	ACTIVITY/ EVALUATION
	 6.6 Access to essential services. 6.7 Education and awareness. Required reading: ISO 26000 Guidance of Social Responsibility 	
7° From 06 to 11 May	Social responsibility toward the environment 7.1 Prevention of pollution 7.2 Sustainable resource use 7.3 Climate change mitigation and adaptation 7.4 Protection of the environment, biodiversity and restoration of natural habitats Required reading: ISO 26000 Guidance of Social Responsibility	Classroom activity 5 Identifying environmental issues in a Peruvian Company
8° From 13 to 18 May	MIDTERM EXAMS (Review requined)	red readings)
9° Del 20 al 25 de mayo	 Fair operating practices 8.1 Anti-corruption 8.2 Responsible political involvement 8.3 Fair competition 8.4 Promoting social responsibility in the value chain 8.5 Respect for property rights Required reading: ISO 26000 Guidance of Social Responsibility 	Classroom activity 6 Identifying fair operating practices in a Peruvian Company
10° From May 27 to June 01	Community involvement and development 9.1 Community involvement. 9.2 Education and culture 9.3 Employment creation and skills. 9.4 Technology development and access. 9.5 Wealth and income creation. 9.6 Health. 9.7 Social investment. Required reading: ISO 26000 Guidance of Social Responsibility	Classroom activity 7 Analise community involvement in a Peruvian Company

UNIT 3: CSR MANAGEMENT: IMPLEMENTING AND COMMUNICATING

Learning goals:

- Build CSR plans integrated into business strategy and adapted to the local culture and environment.
- Know CSR implementation processes in SMEs and large corporations.
- Know the main instruments, initiatives and tools used to measures CSR.
- Understand the value of ethical and emphatic behavior in business decisions.

WEEK	CONTENT	ACTIVITY/ EVALUATION
11° From May 27 to June 01	 Strategy and Society 9.1 Identify points of intersection between a company and society. 9.2 Select social issues to address. 9.3 Mount a small number of initiatives that generate large and distinctive benefits for the company and society. Porter and Kramer (2006). Strategy and Society. The link between competitive advantage and corporate social responsibility. Harvard Business Review. 	Reading quiz 2: CONTENT Porter and Kramer (2006).
12° From 10 to 15 June	Creating Shared Value. 10.1 Reconceiving products and markets. 10.2 Redefining productivity in the value chain. 10.3 Enabling local clusters development. 10.4 CSR and innovation. Porter and Kramer (2011). Creating Shared Value. Harvard Business Review.	Classroom activity 8: Nestlé. https://www.sie.gov.hk/s haredvalue/2017forum/ nestlehk.html IBM https://www.sie.gov.hk/s haredvalue/2017forum/i bm.html Review of case presentation progress
13° From 17 to 22 June	MEASURING SR: National and international indicators – II 10.1 ETHOS – Perú 202I indicators. 10.2 Global Compact 10.3 Sustainability Development Goals Required reading: ISO 26000 Guidance of Social Responsibility	Progress test N° 2
14° From 24 to 28 June	Case presentation CSR in Perú	Presentations
15° From 01 to 06 July	Case presentation CSR in Perú	Presentations
16° From 08 to 13 July	FINAL EXAMS (Review required	d readings)

VII. Bibliography

- ISO 26000. Guidance of Social Responsibility.
- BSR (2011) Stakeholder Engagement Strategy. http://www.bsr.org/reports/BSR_Stakeholder_Engagement_Series.pdf
- OECD (2009) Practical Guide to Corporate Governance: Experiences from the Latin American Companies Circle. International Finance Corporation, p. 61-118 https://www.oecd.org/daf/ca/corporategovernanceprinciples/43653645.pdf
- Kloppers, H. & Kloppers, E. (2018) Identifying Commonalities in CSR Definitions: Some Perspectives. In Kiymet Tunka, C & Roshima, S. (Eds.) *Sustainability and Social Responsibility of Accountability Reporting systems* (pp. 229-243). Springer.
- Porter and Kramer (2006). Strategy and Society. The link between competitive advantageand corporate social responsibility. Harvard Business Review.
- Porter and Kramer (2011). Creating Shared Value. Harvard Business Review
- Reidenbanch and Robin (1991). A conceptual model of corporate moral development. *Journal of Business Ethics* (10), 273–284
- Velga, A. (2020) Business Ethics and Corporate Social Responsibility. EKA University of Applied Science, p. 63-85

VIII. Professors

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